

HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU
FOR Non Retention or Incontinence of

1. Urine, Irritation, Inflammation, or Ulceration of the Bladder or Kidneys, Diseases of the Prostate Gland, Stone in the Bladder, Calculus, Gravel, Brick Dust Deposit, and all Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, and Dropsical Swellings.

HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

FOR WEAKNESS ARISING FROM EXCESSES OR INDISCRETION.

The Constitution once affected with Organic Weakness, requires the aid of medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which Helmbold's Extract Buchu invariably does. If no treatment be submitted to, Consumption or Insanity ensue.

HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

In affections peculiar to females, is unequalled by any other preparation, as in Chlorosis, Retention, Irregularities, painfulness or suppression of customary evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrus state of the Uterus, Leucorrhoea, and all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from habits of dissipation, immodesties, or in the Decline or Change in Life.

**HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU**

AND
IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Will radically exterminate from the system all diseases of the Uterus, Ovaries arising from habits of Dissipation at little expense, little or no change in diet, and no exposure; completely superseding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copivia and Mercury, in curing all these unpleasant and dangerous diseases.

USE

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

In all cases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of what low standing. It is pleasant in taste and odor, immediate in its action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from Broken-down or Delicate Constitutions, procure the remedy at once.

The reader must be aware that however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect his bodily health, mental powers, and happiness, and that of his posterity. Our flesh and blood are supported from these sources.

PHYSICIANS' PLEASE NOTICE.

We make no secret of the ingredients.—Helmhold's Fluid Extract Buchu is composed of Buchu, Cubels and Juniper Berries, selected with great care, and prepared in vacuo by H. T. Helmhold, Druggist and Chemist of fifteen years' experience in the city of Philadelphia, and which is now prescribed by the most eminent physicians, has been

is also in very general use in State Hospitals and public Sanitary Institutions throughout the land.

BUCHU.

(From Dispensary of the United States.)

DIOSMA CRENATA. BUEBU LEAVES.

PROPERTIES.—Their odor is strong, diffusive, and somewhat aromatic; their taste, bitterish, and analogous to mint.

MEDICAL PROPERTIES AND USES.—Buchu leaves are gently stimulants, with a peculiar tendency to the Urinary Organs, producing diuresis, and like other similar medicines, exciting diaphoresis, when circumstances favor this mode of action.

They are given in complaints of the Urinary Organs, such as Gravel, Chronic Catarrh of the Bladder, Morbid Irritation of the Bladder and Urethra, Disease of the

fever, and Rheumatism or Rheumatism of the parts concerned in its execution. The remedy has also been recommended in Dyspepsia, Chorea, Rheumatism, Cutaneous Affections, and Dropsy.

Helmhold's Extract Buchu is used by persons from the ages 18 to 25, and from 30 to 35, or in the decline or change of life, in the treatment of Labor Pains; Bed wetting in children.

DR. KEYSER is a Physician of over thirty years' experience, and a graduate of the Jefferson Medical College and of the University of Medicine and Surgery of Philadelphia.

Dear Sir—In regard to the question asked me as to my opinion about Buchu, I would say that I have used and sold the article in various forms for the past thirty years. I do not think there is any form or preparation of it I have not used or known to be used, in any case where such medicated preparations would be indicated. I have used it as well as myself, that it has been extensively

employed in the various diseases of the bladder and kidneys, and the reputation it has acquired in my judgment is warranted by the facts.

I have seen and used, as before stated, every form of Buchu—the powdered leaves, the simple decoction, tincture, fluid extract, —and I am not cognizant of any preparation of that plant at all equal to yours. Twenty years' experience ought, I think, to give me the right to judge of its merits, and without prejudice or partiality, I give yours the preference over all others. I do not value a thing according to its cost, but according to its worth. I would not do yours, but I hold the doctrine that bulk and quantity do not make up value —if they did a copper cent would be worth more than a gold dollar.

I value your Buchu for its effect on patients. I have cured with it, and seen cured with it, more diseases of the bladder and kidneys than I could name, and with all other forms of Buchu, or any other proprietary compound of whatever name. Respectfully, yours, &c.,

GEO. L. KEYSER, M.D.

140 Wood St., Pittsburg, Pa.
Aug. 11, 1865.
Ask for Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buck
Direct letters to
HELMBOLD'S
Drug and Chemical Warehouse,
No. 594 Broadway, New York, or
HELMBOLD'S MEDICAL DEPOT,
No. 104 South Third Street, Below Chestnut
Philadelphia.
Sold by Druggists everywhere.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.
ASK FOR HELMBOLD'S
TAKE NO OTHER.
Oct. 10, 1871.

GOOD STUBB.—Just received at DR. J. HORNEN'S Drug Store, the pure Sulphate Lime for preserving cider. [Sept. 27]

CHINESE HOUSE-BOATS IN INDIANA.—The New Albany (Ind.) Commercial says there are no more in that city, that several men in the lower part of the town are building that boat houses, intending to anchor them out in front of the city and move their families into them. Several of these marine dwellings are now in course of construction at the city wharves.

GENERAL GRANT GOING TO EUROPE.—Lieutenant General Grant is shortly to sail for Europe, and the Navy Department are now looking up a vessel for his accommodation. Capt. Ammen, an old school-master of the General's, and now of the iron-clad Miantonomi, is to be transferred to the man-of-war that conveys the military chieftain across the ocean. The Miantonomi is ordered off for a short but important cruise in adjacent waters.

The Superintendent of the Freedmen's Bureau at Lexington, Virginia, where General R. E. Lee now resides—claims of the ill-treatment of the freedmen in that vicinity, and says "that unless there is a better disposition on the part of the citizens and their sons, and cadets and students, troops would have to be sent for." This is a contradiction of the evidence given by General Lee before the Reconstruction Committee.

"Stop pounding that mule," said Gen. Sherman to a soldier, who was unmercifully beating the beast. The soldier unacquainted with the General, told him to mind his own business. "I tell you again, stop, I am Gen. Sherman." "That's played out," said the soldier, "every man that comes along here with an old brown coat and stove pipe hat, claims to be Gen. Sherman." For once the General considered himself outkanked.

The new line of mail steamers between New York and the ports of La Guayra and Puerto Cabello, in Venezuela, touching at St. Thomas, will make the first trip from New York on the 5th of April. The Company has a subsidy from the Venezuelan Government for carrying its mails, and has now made application to the Post-office Department for a similar service.

The Germans of Philadelphia are very enthusiastic over the nomination of General Geary. They have formed a Union Club, and are preparing to enter the campaign with all the zeal and vigor peculiar to this portion of our intelligent and useful citizens.

The troubles of the Texans with the Indians on their Mexican frontier has increased at such a rate that the Texas Convention has sent a delegation to Washington to ask aid from the President, while companies for local defence have organized and armed.

A lady from the West reached Spencerport, N. Y., Tuesday evening, on a visit to her parents. She had her infant with her, and on meeting her mother, she joyfully disrobed her infant of the shawl in which it was wrapped, and found it dead. It had been suffocated.

The Toledo Blade says that the ice in the lower end of Lake Erie is as firm as at any time during the winter. From Buffalo to a point some distance above Erie, the ice is a solid mass from shore to shore.

Orders have been issued for the fitting out of a special squadron to look after the interests of the Government of the British North American coast; and we shall soon have a fleet in the eastern waters fully equal to that of the British in strength.

The sanitary police in New York, on Thursday seized on no less than thirty three diseased and unwholesome calves and one sheep and one hog.

Two hundred new edifices are going up in St. Paul, Minnesota, this year, at an estimated cost of only six hundred thousand dollars, although among the buildings are several churches, hotels, depots, an opera house, etc.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has decided that "the marble slabs used in the manufacture of furniture may be deducted from the finished article, provided a duty had been previously paid thereon. The cost of the glass plate may also be deducted from the value of the finished looking glass if the tax had been paid on the same.

It is a significant comment upon the reputed loyalty of North Carolina that the honest, peaceful, loyal Quakers of that State are compelled to emigrate to the North because of the hostility shown them by the North Carolinians on account of their devotion to the Union during the war.

Southerners are buying nice residences in the fashionable parts of Boston. Over twenty first class houses there have lately been purchased by Southerners, who say they made fortunes during the war, and have come North to invest it.

Rev. Henry Ward Beecher was once pastor of a congregation in Indianapolis which was too poor to paint the church edifice, and the young minister did the job with his own hands.

CINCINNATI, March 28.—A negro in Paris, Ky., who had outraged a white child of only ten years of age and afterwards murdered her, was this evening taken by citizens from jail and hanged. His body is still suspended.

Married.

On the 22d ult., by Rev. Mr. Smith, Mr. JACOB LOFT of Adams county, to Miss JOANNA HOGGHELT, of Chambersburg.

On the 20th ult., by Rev. F. Bonner, Mr. J. THOMAS CROUSE, of Frederick, Md., to Miss MARGARET CROUSE, of Frederick, Md.

On the 15th ult., by Rev. J. Stetson, Mr. ABRAHAM M. WYBRIGHT, to Miss ANNIE M. RHODES, both of Pennsylvania.

On the 20th ult., by Rev. Mr. Zieher, Mr. C. H. STICKLER, of this county, to Miss MARY ANN BROADBENT, of York county.

On the 22d ult., by Friends ceremony, Mr. ANDREW KOSER, of Butler township, to LIZZIE M., daughter of Cyrus Grier, of Monahan township.

On the 29th ult., by Rev. J. R. Warner, Mr. DAVID Y. LITTLE to Miss HANNAH M. HALDERMAN, both of Hagerstown.

On the 1st ult., by Rev. J. A. Ball, Mr. JOHN E. HAMILTON, of Cumberland township, to Miss MAGDALENE KECKLER, of Franklin township.

Died.

On the 28th of March, 1866, at her residence, in Strasburg township, MARY M. wife of J. A. Christian Rindland, aged 56 years 9 months and 12 days.

On Friday last, Mr. HENRY WORTZ, of Liberty township, aged 60 years and 18 days.

On Thursday last, in this place, MARIA MARGARET, infant child of Charles and Emma Ziegler, aged 6 months.

The Mobile Times claims that no section of the country can show such remarkable statistics of domestic felicitous as Alabama. In the three largest counties of that State, viz., Mobile, Baldwin and Washington, according to the record of the Chancery Court, which has jurisdiction in divorce cases, it appears that out of thirty thousand, 2,511 females, or only one out of about fourteen thousand two hundred and ninety, is unfaithful to her marriage vows.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

TO DRUNKARDS.—A reformed inebriate would be happy to communicate (free of charge) to as many of his fellow-beings as will address him, very important and useful information, and place in their hands a sure cure for the love of Strong Drink of any kind. This information is freely offered to any who have narrowly escaped a drunkard's grave, who has narrowly escaped a drunkard's grave, who has narrowly escaped a drunkard's grave.

Address, SETH B. HENDERSON, No. 9 Broad Street, New York.

April 3—3m.

The People's Friend.

PERRY DAVIS'

TRUSTABLE PAIN KILLER, THE GREATEST FAMILY MEDICINE OF THE AGE!

Taken internally, it cures sudden colds, coughs, etc., weak stomach, general debility, nervous sore mouth, croup, liver complaint, dyspepsia or indigestion, cramps and pain in the stomach, bowels, colic, painters' colic, Asiatic cholera, diarrhoea, and dysentery, applied externally, cures fevers, boils and all sores, severe burns and scalds, cuts, bruises and sprains, swollen joints, ringworm and tetters, broken breasts, frost-bites and chilblains, toothache, pain in the face, neuralgia, rheumatism. It is a sure remedy for all these and Chills and Fever. [March 27—1m.]

TO CONSUMPTIVES.—The undersigned having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years, with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used, (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, etc. The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription, will please address Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings county, New York.

Jan. 2—1y.

AGENTS WANTED!

\$10 A DAY MADE

By selling Engravings, Card Photographs and Stationery. Our Stationery Packets excel all others: each Package contains Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Ink, and Jewelry worth a dollar at retail. Price only 30 cents. We will send Agents 100 Stationery Packets and Silver Vases for \$17. We also publish splendid Steel Engravings and Portraits, Lithograph prints, etc., very popular and saleable. Will send a fine assortment of 100 for \$15.00, that will realize \$50, or a \$10 lot that will sell for \$50 or more. Will send a sample lot for \$5 that will sell for \$15.

Send Stamp for Catalogue, Terms, &c. HASKINS & CO., 35 Decker St., N. Y. Nov. 21, '65—\$10.

REEVES' AMBROSIA FOR THE HAIR.

The Original and Genuine Ambrosia is prepared by J. ALLEN REEVES, and is the best hair dressing and preservative now in use. It stops the hair falling out, causes it to grow thick and long, and prevents it from turning prematurely grey. It is a great hair conditioner, and renders the hair soft, glossy and curly. Buy it, try it, and be convinced. Don't be put off with a spurious article. Ask for Reeves' Ambrosia and take no other. For Sale by Druggists and Dealers in Fancy Goods everywhere.

Price 75 cents per bottle—\$3.00 per dozen. Address REEVES' AMBROSIA DEPOT, 62 Fulton street, New York City. Oct. 10—1y.

THE CONFESSIONS AND EXPERIENCE OF AN INVALID.

Published for the benefit and as a CAUTION TO YOUNG MEN and others, who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay of Manhood, &c., supplying at the same time the Means of Self-Cure. By one who has cured himself after undergoing considerable quackery. By enclosing a postpaid addressed envelope, single copies, free of charge, may be had of the author.

NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq. Jan. 30—1y. Brooklyn, Kings Co., N. Y.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing

JOHN B. OGDEN, No. 13 Chambers St., N. Y.

STRANGE BUT TRUE.

Every young lady and gentleman in the United States can bear something very much to their advantage by return mail (free of charge), by addressing the undersigned. Those having fears of being bugged will oblige by not noticing this card. All others will please address their obedient servant,

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, 138 Broadway, New York.

THE GROVESTEIN PIANO FORTE.

still retains its pre-eminence and great popularity, and after undergoing gradual improvements for a period of thirty years, is now produced in a perfected world to be unsurpassed and by the marvellous in richness, volume, and purity of tone, durability and cheapness. Our new scale, French action, hard pedal, iron frame, over-strung bass, seven octave, rosewood pianos are sold, cheaper by from 100 to \$200 than the same style and finish are sold by any other first-class makers in the country. Dealers and all in want of good pianos are invited to send for our Descriptive Catalogue, which contains a description of our different styles, together with prices. No one should purchase a piano without seeing this Catalogue. Models, almost without number, have been awarded to the Grovestein Piano, and at the Celebrated World's Fair, though put in competition with others from all parts of Europe and the United States, it took the highest award.

[Established 1835.] ESTEVEN & CO., 499 Broadway, New York Aug. 1—1y.

ROOFING IN ROLLS READY TO BE NAILED.

down, adapted to Houses, Factories and Buildings of all kinds; constructed of materials that have stood the test of fifteen years, and manufactured on an entirely different and better plan than any other composition roofing in use. Secured by patent. Very durable and at low price. Circulars and samples sent free by mail.

RENTY ROOFING CO., 137 Maiden Lane, New York.

ANY QUANTITY.

OF all kinds of Vesse cheap at PICKING'S

ENGLISH, French and American Mustard for sale at HORNER'S DRUG STORE.

The Markets.

GETTYSBURG—MONDAY LAST.

Superfine Flour.....\$8 00 to 8 50
Rye Flour.....1 70 to 1 80
White Wheat.....1 80 to 2 00
Corn.....60
Rye.....30
Rye Flour.....3 25
Buckwheat.....70
Clover Seed.....4 00 to 5 00
Timothy Seed.....2 30 to 2 50
Flax Seed.....2 00
Barley.....50
Oats.....35
Hay, per ton.....6 00 to 8 00

Gettysburg Produce Market.

MONDAY MORNING.

Prepared and corrected by WM. BOYER & SON.

Potatoes.....65 to 75
Apples.....1 60 to 2 00
Butter.....40
Lard.....15
Eggs.....13 to 14
Bacon—Sides and Shoulders.....18 to 20
Hams.....18 to 20
Peaches, pared, per bushel.....13 to 15
"unpared.....13 to 15
Cherries, unseeded.....2 00
"seeded, per pound.....20
Dried Apples, per pound.....10 to 12
Blackberries.....10 to 12
Beans, per bushel.....1 75 to 2 00

BALTIMORE—MONDAY LAST.

Flour.....\$8 00 to 8 50
Wheat.....2 30 to 2 60
Rye.....70 to 71
Corn.....67 to 70
Oats.....48 to 49
Hay (in Bundles).....16 00 to 18 00

FOR THE SCHOOL & FAMILY.

Now is the time to form clubs.

CLARK'S SCHOOL VISITOR, VOL. X

TERMS 75 CENTS A YEAR. CLODS 30 CENTS.

This Youth's Magazine now has the largest circulation of any Educational journal published. It contains Original Stories, Poems, Dialogues, Letters, Sketches of Travel, Music, Natural History, Biography, Mathematics, Puzzles, Recreations, Phonetics, Engravings, &c., from the very best authors.

The Visitor is a model of typographical beauty. Specimens furnished free. Look here. An agent wanted in every School! In order to reach all parts of the country, the Visitor will be sent one year free to one person who will act as Agent, at any Post Office in the United States.

Address, for further particulars, with five cents for return postage, to

1908 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.

April 3—1t.

FRESH SUPPLY.

NEW GOODS

At Reduced Prices!!

A. SCOTT & SONS have just received another fine assortment of NEW GOODS, consisting, in part, of Cloths, Cassimeres, Casinets, Kentucky Jeans, and Tweeds, for Gentlemen's wear. Also, a fine assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.

Our stock has been selected with great care, and we are prepared to sell as cheap as any other establishment in the country. We ask the public to give us a call and judge for themselves. We defy competition, both as to quality and price.

A. SCOTT & SONS, 308 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.

April 3.

CLOSING OUT SALE

OF THE

NEUFCHATEL WATCH CO.

OWING to the failure and sudden close of the business of the

NEUFCHATEL WATCH COMPANY,

a large number of Fine Watches, manufactured especially for the United States, being heavy, first-class time-keepers, intended to stand hard usage and sudden changes of temperature, are left in our hands for immediate sale. As agents of the Company, we are obliged to dispose of this stock for cash, in the shortest possible time. We have, therefore, decided on the plan annexed, as the one that will be profitable to the Company. The plan gives every one the opportunity of obtaining first-class time-keepers at a price that all can command. As every Certificate represents a Watch, there are no blanks, and every one who invests in this sale must get a Watch at half the retail price at least; and, if at all fortunate, one to wear with pride through life.

Remittances may be made at our risk in Registered Letters or by Express, or Post-Office Orders and Drafts payable to our order, and we guarantee a safe return. This INSURES safe delivery and sure return to every patron.

We warrant every Watch as represented, and satisfaction is guaranteed in every instance. Knowing the worth of the stock, we can give a warranty to every purchaser. The price has been placed at the very low figure in order to insure immediate sale; and all who desire to improve the opportunity should make early application.

HAZARD, MOORE & CO., 303 Broadway, New York.

Agents for the Neufchateau Watch Co.

THE FOLLOWING SPENDS LIST OF

FINE WATCHES & CHAINS,

Worth \$350,000!

TO BE SOLD FOR

TEN DOLLARS EACH!

127 Gold Hunting Chronometers.....\$175 to \$450

168 Gold Hunting Patent Levers.....100 to 305

134 Gold Hunting Patent Levers.....75 to 275

175 Gold Hunting Patent Levers.....60 to 275

629 Gold Hunting Levers.....50 to 275

240 Gold Hunting Levers.....50 to 200

169 Gold Magic-Cased Levers.....50 to 275

385 Heavy Gold Patent Levers.....70 to 225

258 Heavy Gold-Cased Levers.....70 to 175

420 Ladies' Gold Hunting Levers.....45 to 225

272 Ladies' Gold-Enamelled Levers.....60 to 250

135 Ladies' Gold Engraved Levers.....45 to 175

253 Ladies' Gold Engraved Levers.....40 to 125

830 Heavy Solid Silver Duplex.....35 to 125

736 Heavy Silver Patent Levers.....30 to 125

600 Heavy Solid Silver Levers.....25 to 100

478 Heavy Solid Silver Levers.....20 to 90

263 Ladies' Solid Cased Levers.....25 to 90

224 Ladies' Solid Cased Levers.....20 to 65

All the above List of Watches will be sold for Ten Dollars Each.

Certificates representing each and every watch in the above list are placed in similar Envelopes and sealed. Any person obtaining a Certificate, to be had at our office, or sent by mail to any address, can have the article called for on the return of the Certificate, with Ten Dollars.

We charge, for forwarding Certificates, 50 cents each. Five will be sent for \$2, and Fifteen for \$5.

The Certificate must, in all cases, be returned with, and accompany the money when goods are ordered.

All orders promptly filled and forwarded by return mail or express. Address,

HAZARD, MOORE & CO., 303 Broadway, New York.

April 3—4t.

1866.—AT HORNER'S you can get

pure Medicines, Dye Stuffs, Patent Medicines, &c.

Jan. 9.

1866.—Brushes, Combs, Soaps, Perfumery, Notions, &c., in great variety.

Jan. 9.

1866.—If you have chapped hands,

Lips, or rough skin, use the OLEIN, prepared by Dr. R. HORNER.

Jan. 9.

1866.—If you want anything from a Drug Store—HORNER'S is the place to get it good and cheap.

JOSEPH P. CLARKSON, ATTORNEY AT LAW, &c., CHICAGO, ILL., P. O. BOX, 711.

IN connection with his practice, he gives special attention to investments for non-residents either in real estate, or in loans upon first class real estate securities in Chicago and its vicinity. Payments of taxes, &c., being made, have thoroughly acquainted him with the character and value of its real estate, and as security, and of purchase, and he can warrant satisfaction in all matters of the kind entrusted to him. He has constant opportunities for making loans, in small or large amounts, simply secured and yielding from 8 to 10 per cent. interest per annum, according to the period of the loan. Charges in all cases will be found unobjectionable.

He refers to R. G. Harper, Esq., Editor of "The Sentinel," Prof. M. L. Stover, Fabnestock Brothers, and D. A. Buehler, Esq.

Jan. 16.

NEW GOODS FOR SPRING SALES.

EYRE & LANDELL, Fourth & Arch Streets, Philadelphia.

ARE OPENING FOR SPRING SALES,

Fashionable New Silks,

Novelties in Dress Goods,

New Styles Spring Shawls,

New Travelling Dress Goods,

Fine Stock and New Goods,

Magnificent Foulards,

Splendid Black Silks, &c.

E. & L. have their usual assortment of STAPLE GOODS. Also, CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, &c., &c.

P. S.—Our prices are now arranged to meet the views of Buyers! [March 20—6t.]

Great Reduction in Prices.

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS have just returned from the City with a large and choice selection of Goods, which have been purchased at a great sacrifice to the manufacturer, and which are offered at immensely reduced prices.

GOOD CALICOES at 12 1/2 cents.

Best unbleached MUSLIN at 25 cents, and all other Goods in proportion.

Now is the time to buy cheap Goods.

If you would save money, call at once and make your purchases at

March 27—4t FAHNESTOCKS.

TINWARE AND STOVES.

THE largest assortment of TINWARE in the County, at S. G. COOK'S, (formerly Andrew Polley's), York Street, Gettysburg, Pa.

Also, COOKING STOVES of the very best kinds. Call and see. [March 20—3t.]

Dissolution.—Pay Up!

THE firm of WM. E. BIDDLE & CO., has been dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to said firm are requested to settle their accounts on or before the FIRST OF MAY next, as after that date the accounts will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection.

WM. E. BIDDLE, GEO. C. STRICKHOUSER.

March 20—3t.

Notice.

THE first account of Jacob Musselman and George W. Wirtz, Assignees of Daniel Musselman and wife, for the benefit of creditors has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, and will be confirmed by the said Court, on FRIDAY the 20th day of APRIL, 1866, unless cause be shown to the contrary.

J. A. KITZMILLER, Prothy.

March 20—4t.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application has been made to the Court of Common Pleas, in and for the County of Adams, to grant a Charter of Incorporation to an association of persons, under the name, style and title of

"THE EAST-BERLIN METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH," and that if no sufficient reason be shown to the contrary, the said Court, at the next term, to wit, on the third Monday (18th day) of April next, 1866, will decree, and declare, that the persons so associated shall become and be a corporation, or body politic, according to the Articles and conditions in an instrument of writing set forth, and duly filed in said Court.

J. A. KITZMILLER, Prothy.

Feb. 27.

LAST CHANCE

FOR ACTIVE AGENTS TO MAKE MONEY!



GETTYSBURG:
Tuesday, April 3, 1866.

FOR GOVERNOR,
MAJ. GEN. JOHN W. GEARY,
OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Orphan Children's Home.
The location of this Asylum was left to the vote of the Sabbath Schools throughout the county, and we learn that Gettysburg was the almost unanimous vote of the Schools. The Association has been organized, and the permanent officers elected, with Bishop Simpson as President. Hon. E. McPherson is one of the Directors. It is intended to move the School here immediately if temporary buildings can be procured, and inquiry has already been made whether accommodations can be furnished at once for about 80 children, and an eligible site procured. We have not heard the result.

Among the Patents issued last week from the Patent Office, one was granted to J. W. Sefton, of Gettysburg, assignor to self and James McCreary, of the same place, for an improvement in churns.

D. S. Diehl, of Tyrone, sold a horse for \$250 cash; and a cow was sold at Myers' sale, in Oxford township, for \$100.25, to Josiah Diller, of Hanover. Cows have brought, at several sales in that neighborhood, from 70 to \$80 dollars each.

Destructive Fire.
On Monday, March 25, the dwelling of Mr. Geo. Harman, about one mile below Hampton, took fire, (how, we did not learn,) and was entirely destroyed, with a part of its contents. A high wind prevailing, the sparks were carried to the barn of Lemuel Malan, about two hundred yards off, and it too was destroyed, with hay, straw, and several head of cattle and sheep. The fences about the barn took fire, and it was with great difficulty that Mr. Malan's house was saved. The scene is described as terrible in the extreme. Mr. Harman was partially insured, but we cannot say whether any part of Mr. Malan's loss was so covered.

Death of an Aged Couple on the Same Day.

On Wednesday week, in Mount Pleasant township, Mr. Peter Weaver and his wife breathed their last, within a few hours of each other. They had been married about fifty years; and dying on the same day, their remains were deposited in the same grave. Mr. Weaver was in his 77th year, and his wife in her 70th. They had travelled life's path hand in hand, "and in death they were not parted."

Death of Hon. George Chambers.

The people of this State will be pained at the announcement of the death of Hon. George Chambers, who was born in the town of Chambersburg, so called after his father, in 1786. Evincing talent at an early age, he was sent to Princeton College, whence he graduated in 1804, after which he studied law, being admitted to the bar in 1807. He practiced quite extensively in the courts of Franklin county. In 1833, he was chosen a Representative in Congress, and re-elected in 1835. Subsequently he was a member of the Constitutional Convention. In 1851, he was appointed a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State, and was unanimously confirmed in that position by the Senate. He held the office until the expiration of his term under the Constitution, since which time he has lived in retirement, though taking great interest in the promotion of education and kindred interests. As he had lived, so he died, a sincere Christian, a kind parent, a faithful friend, an honest man, and one whose life was beneficial as it was successful, as ripe in honors as in years, and he will be as widely lamented as his name was known.

To Postmasters.

It is not only the duty of a Postmaster to give notice promptly to the publisher of a newspaper of the non-lifting of a paper by those to whom it is directed; but it has been decided by the Courts, that in such a case the Postmaster makes himself liable for the subscription price.

Death of a Senator.

The Hon. Samuel Foot, U. S. Senator from Vermont, familiarly and affectionately termed by his colleagues "the Father of the Senate," died at his lodgings in Washington on Wednesday morning last. His death has cast a gloom over Congress and Washington, where he has held in high estimation for his many admirable traits of character.

An intercepted letter is now in possession of the State Department, written by Cassius M. Clay, from Canada, in Nov., 1864, which clearly shows that he was a party to the robbing and murdering raids from Canada into the United States, and knew of their purpose to burn St. Albans and rob the Banks. He urged the Rebel Government to sanction the acts of these desperadoes, when they were taken, in order to prevent their being given up under the Extradition Treaty. This letter, it is said, furnishes the real grounds for Clay's prolonged imprisonment at Fortress Monroe.

John G. Mellinger, Mail Agent on the Reading and Columbia railroad, was arrested on the 24th ult., by S. B. Rowe, Special Agent of the Post-office Department, for tampering with the mails in his custody. On his arrest, several money letters were found on his person, clear evidences of his guilt. He is now in prison at Philadelphia. He is about 20 years of age, and served a couple of years in the Army.

On last Thursday night, about midnight, Mr. A. L. Barry was passing the corner of Fayette and Liberty streets, Baltimore, when he was garrotted and robbed of \$40 in cash, a \$30 watch, a black sack coat, and a silk umbrella. The robbers made their escape.

One of the men engaged in the great bond robbery of \$1,500,000 at New York, has been arrested and \$215,000 recovered. There were seven accomplices engaged in the robbery, amongst whom the large amount taken was equally divided.

E. H. Minkton, in connection with his Confectionery, has laid in a supply of fine Coffee, Sugar and Syrup, which he is selling cheap.

Another Veto.

On Tuesday last, the President returned to the Senate, with his objections, the Civil Rights bill, which had passed both Houses of Congress by very large majorities. He goes very much into detail in his objections, both as to policy and constitutionality. The veto has, of course, excited much feeling. On account of the time of the Senate being occupied for a day or two in the case of Senator Stockton, whose seat was finally vacated, and the death of Senator Foot, of Vermont, no action was taken on the Veto in the Senate as yet; but that body having adjourned over to Monday, the 2nd, it is highly probable that yesterday the matter would come up, and an attempt made to pass the bill against the Veto by two-thirds, which, it is thought, might be the result in that body, as well as in the House of Representatives. These radical differences between the Executive and Congress are certainly very much against the early and prudent settlement of reconstruction. It is to be hoped that more calm counsels may soon prevail, and that the important measures adapted to the new course of events, may soon be agreed upon with harmony and an eye single to the best interests and glory of our common country.

The Deserter Bill.

This bill, which had passed the Senate previously, passed the House of Representatives on Wednesday evening last, by a party vote of 68 to 28.

We will give the bill probably in our next paper, as well as the remarks of Mr. McCongor, through whose instrumentality the bill was got up.

The bill for the better selection of juries in the counties of Adams, Fayette and York, finally passed the House of Representatives on Thursday.

On the 20th ult., in Senate, on motion of Mr. McCongor, a bill was passed, authorizing the School Directors of Lattimore township, Adams county, to levy and collect a tax to pay moneys advanced as bounties to volunteers.

The bill providing for the disfranchisement of deserters, which has passed the Legislature, was bitterly opposed in all its stages by the leaders of the so-called Democracy, such as Hiestery, Clymer, &c. They did not contend so much that the law was unconstitutional, as that desertion was of little importance—a mere trifling offence, one which men had a right to resort to where their consciences forbade them to take up arms in defence of the Government! They opposed this bill with the same earnestness as they favored the success of the Rebellion!

Hon. Hiestery Clymer, State Senator from Berks county, and Democratic candidate for Governor, has resigned his seat in the Senate. This manoeuvre will not benefit him—he is a "dead duck"—he cannot survive the bringing-up of his old speech against President Johnson, and the great popularity of his opponent, the gallant Gen. Geary, who intends sweeping the field in October, as he did in many a hard fought battle of the war against Rebels.

On Wednesday night week, and Abraham Phillips' barn, in the same place, on Monday night. In the latter two fine horses perished. Two young men, who were seen running away from the barn just as the flames burst forth, have been arrested on the charge of arson.

A terrible fire occurred at Landsburg, Perry county, on last night week. The steam tannery of J. B. Diven and eight dwelling houses, stables, &c., were consumed. The fire originated from children playing with matches. The Hotel buildings at the Warm Springs were also destroyed by fire week before last.

A most terrible tornado passed over Montgomery county, Illinois, on the 20th ult. In the vicinity of Sullivan, twenty houses were demolished, and several persons injured.

A terrible explosion took place in the hosiery mill of the manufactory of Bedell, Lyon & Co., Newark, N. J., on Thursday morning, by the gas taking fire from a lamp. The explosion was terrific, literally shaking the building from its foundation, and almost immediately demolishing the building in places, which in a few moments was entirely consumed. Mr. Lyon, one of the firm, was in the upper story at the time, and was enveloped in flames, and burnt to death! The loss of property is \$12,000—no insurance.

The paper-mill of Mullen & Sons, at Mt. Holly Springs, Cumberland county, was partially destroyed by fire last night week. The extensive machine house was entirely destroyed. The loss was fully covered by insurance.

Bradley T. Johnson, formerly of Frederick, Md., and subsequently a Brigadier General in the Rebel service, was arrested at Baltimore, on Tuesday last, on an indictment for treason. He had taken rooms at Barnum's hotel, with his family. He was held to bail in \$20,000 for his appearance at the U. S. Circuit Court, April term.

One of the most severe earthquakes since October last, occurred at San Francisco on the 28th of March. It was also felt at various other places in California. The damage done was not very great, so far as reported.

The Supreme Court of Wisconsin decided on Tuesday last, that the law of 1849, giving the Negroes of that State the right of suffrage, was constitutional, and that they have a right to vote.

A bill passed the U. S. House of Representatives on the 23d ult., appropriating \$800,000 to reimburse the State of Pennsylvania for money expended for payment of militia in the service of the United States.

The Legislature of this State will adjourn finally on the 12th (Thursday) of next week.

Record Your Deeds.

The attention of parties holding unrecorded Deeds is directed to the provisions of the Act of Assembly which require that—
"All deeds and conveyances for real estate in this Commonwealth, shall be recorded in the office for Recording Deeds in the county where the lands lie, within six months after the execution of such deeds and conveyances, and every such deed and conveyance not so recorded as aforesaid, shall be adjudged FRAUDULENT AND VOID against any subsequent purchaser for a valuable consideration, unless such deed or conveyance under which such subsequent purchaser or mortgagee shall claim."
This is a very important notice, and those holding unrecorded deeds will see the importance of having them recorded without further delay.

A Washington dispatch says that Secretary McCulloch has stated that the May interest due on five tenths would be paid early in April. The amount of gold required is \$22,000,000.

Rush of Germans from Havre, Hamburg and Bremen.

[Paris Correspondence London Herald.]
The number of emigrants from Germany arriving at Havre to take ship for America has lately increased in an extraordinary degree. A Havre journal states that there are not less than a thousand emigrants now lodging in the quarter of St. Francois alone awaiting vessels to take them out. Two days since eighty persons left Havre for England in the hope of getting off earlier. The same journal remarks that this increase of emigration coincides with a great extension of the commercial relations between France and the U. States. Not less than twenty five vessels are shortly expected at Havre from New Orleans, one from Texas and five from Mobile, all laden with cotton. A considerable quantity of the same material is also being shipped for Havre at New York, along with other merchandise. In short, the import trade at Havre has not been so brisk for five years past.

[Berlin (March 12) Cor. London Times.]

The emigration to North America is daily assuming greater proportions. Up to the end of May ten thousand persons have already engaged to leave, via Hamburg and Bremen. The emigrants are nearly all Northerners and Protestants, whereas, ten years ago, the vast majority consisted of Southerners, many of them Roman Catholics.

The failure of Culver, Penn & Co. created great excitement in Titusville and the oil regions, fears being entertained that the local banks would be seriously affected. It appears that the First and Second National Banks of Titusville were the only ones not affected by the failure. Those most seriously damaged were the Petroleum Bank, Titusville; Venango County Bank, Franklin; First National Bank, Corry; Bank of Lawrence County, Newcastle; Crawford County Bank, Oil City; First National Bank, Plummer; A. D. Cotton & Co., Petroleum Centre, and one or two others in Ohio—a total of thirteen banks and banking houses.

GREAT EMIGRATION FROM IRELAND.

According to the Cork Examiner, upwards of four thousand persons left Ireland during the first week of the present month, going to the United States by way of Queenstown. It is estimated that two-thirds of the number were of the middle and farming class. The farmers were complaining last year of the want of laborers to gather in the harvest; but if the emigration continues at the present rate (says the Examiner), one thousand five hundred a week, they will certainly have more cause to complain this year, as those leaving now are mostly of that class—about six hundred passengers are now waiting in Queenstown to get away by the steamers.

THE CLIMAX OF IMPUDENCE.—Haugman Foote, Rebel ex-Senator, is very anxious "as to the future of our country," and says, "winners speak of domination, authority and possibly even revolutionary violence, which will fill the minds of all true patriots with deep and permanent regret." The country got along when such "true patriots" as Foote were serving in Rebel Congresses and fighting in Rebel armies, and does not need either their advice or sympathy now.

In Missouri the preachers who insist on exercising their functions without taking the oath are being brought to grief. The Grand Jury of Pike county has indicted the Rev. James Smith, a Baptist minister, for preaching without license. The Grand Jury at Palmyra has similarly found true bills against the following ministers of Haurubal; Rev. Mr. Dunn, of the Episcopal Church; Rev. Mr. Wilkes, of the Presbyterian Church; and Father Cronin, of the Catholic Church.

Michael Gallagher, formerly of York, Pennsylvania, who enlisted as a private soldier in Colonel Thos. A. Ziegler's 16th Pennsylvania regiment, at the breaking out of the rebellion, and who was afterwards promoted to First Lieutenant, has been nominated on the Union ticket as a candidate for Mayor of the city of Urbana, Ohio. Mr. Gallagher removed from York to the latter place after his return from the service.

Ex-Senator Yulee, of Florida, who has been imprisoned in Fort Pulaski ever since May last, having been arrested in the South soon after the close of the war, has been ordered by the President to be released on parole. This is, of course, by the earnest intercession of friends. It is a fact that Mr. Yulee, though one of the retiring Senators from Congress on the secession of his State, was never in any way officially connected with the Confederate government or its armies. It has been difficult, therefore, to discover the cause of his arrest and detention in the first place.

Congress having appropriated one million dollars for lighthouse purposes, the Board contemplate rebuilding, as rapidly as possible, all the lighthouses destroyed by the Rebels, and expect to re-establish lighthouses on the Southern coast.

On Sunday, the 25th ult., about one o'clock, P. M., the Friends' meeting house situated in the 8th district, a short distance above Cockeysville, took fire, it is supposed from a defective flue and was entirely consumed. The furniture and a valuable library of about 500 volumes were saved by the citizens in the neighborhood.—*Towson Journal*

THE ATLANTIC CABLE.—In one mile of the cable now being manufactured for the Atlantic telegraph there are seven miles of copper wire, four miles of gutta serena, ten miles of galvanized wire, and fifty miles of Manila spun yarn—seventy miles of material to one mile of cable.

Some smugglers of cigars at Boston were so unlucky the other day, as to offer for sale a choice lot, just from Havana, to the Government Inspector of the article.

The Nashville papers are full of news items pointing to great social disturbances and lawlessness throughout Tennessee.

About 2,500 liquor cases in Massachusetts are affected by the recent decision of the U. S. Supreme Court. It all these pay fine, the sum will reach over \$500,000.

Endowment of Lafayette College.

Easton, March 28.—The Trustees of Lafayette College met today, and organized a scientific course. Mr. A. Pardee, of Hazleton, gave \$100,000, and Mr. Wm. A. Davidson, of Philadelphia, endowed the chair of chemistry. Amongst the new Professors elected were Rev. George Junkin, D. D., late President of Washington College; Rev. Henry Osborne, LL.D., formerly of Roanoke College; Prof. Thomas Parry, of Franklin and Marshall College, Lancaster, Penna.; Rev. Dr. Burrows, President of the San Francisco College, California; Prof. Charles H. Hitchcock, of Amherst College; and Maj. H. T. Lee, Fourth New York Artillery. The citizens of Easton subscribed the funds to erect the additional buildings required.

SALE OF VALUABLE HORSES.—At a sale of horses remarkable for beauty or speed, at the country seat of Mr. Henry S. Hittner, near Philadelphia, which took place on Monday, the auctioneer knocked down a pair of trotters for \$3,000, and another pair for \$4,250. But these prices, high as they were, did not compare with the bidding for a single animal, which went up to \$4,750, at which price it was sold; while another, a roan mare, brought the very large sum of \$7,250. Several other horses sold at prices ranging at from one to two thousand dollars.

DECISION IN THE LIQUOR CASES.

The Supreme Court of the United States has given its decision in the Massachusetts liquor cases—the pith of which is, that, although a dealer may take out a government license to sell, he must still act in obedience to the State laws. That is, where a State prohibits the sale of liquors within its borders, the internal revenue law license does not protect the holder thereof in selling the article, and thus violate the law of the State. The decision, although given upon cases which arose in Massachusetts, will nevertheless hold good in any of the States where the sale of liquor is prohibited by law.

REAL ESTATE DECISION.—The commissioner of internal revenue has decided that the salary of a person employed to take care of real estate is deductible from the income of the person paying such salary as is derived from the estate in question. The person receiving the salary returns the same as part of his income, subject to tax.

The National Union Men of Texas, although forced to contend with a powerful reasonable element, are nevertheless making great progress in organization. The German element in Texas is intensely loyal, and when the thrift and intelligence of these people are fairly considered, some idea can be formed of the influences which they wield on the politics of the State.

There is not a township in Pennsylvania in which are not to be found citizens who fought with distinguished gallantry against the traitors. These men should purpose of assisting in the work of organization, and thus lead to the complete triumph which awaits the National Union party in October.

A WIDOW SEEKING A FORTUNE.—A breach of promise suit has been instituted against Michael Reese, the richest man in San Francisco, by a widow with two children. The damages are estimated by the plaintiff at \$100,000.

Since the burning of Pike's Opera House the People of Cincinnati have become much alarmed as to the safety of the places of public amusement, and, having voted unanimously that Pike's was unsafe, Mayor Harris has notified the proprietors of Mozart Hall that the license of that establishment will be withdrawn after the ensuing 1st of April.

A telegraphic dispatch states that several Banks at Titusville, Oil City, and Franklin, Pa., have failed, causing a sensation amongst the oil companies, including many Philadelphia corporations. It is supposed that these failures are in close sympathy with the suspension of the banking house of Culver, Penn & Co., of New York city.

The new iron bridge crossing the Ohio river at Steubenville, is completed, and trains cross regularly. This road is called the Great Pan Handle route, and connects with the Pennsylvania Central Railroad to Pittsburg, and from Harrisburg to New York via the Allentown route.

It is reported that the Navy Department is about to send a monitor and a fast side wheel steamer to the Newfoundland fishing banks, to look out for the interests of our citizens in that locality, and prevent any breach of the peace between them and the subjects of Great Britain.

PRICES IN MEXICO.—Labor is said to be worth in Mexico from eight to fifteen dollars a day. Out of a week the contractor can hope to get three days of good work. Flour is worth forty five dollars a barrel, and meal fifteen dollars.

Despatches received by the State Department show the progress of the cattle plague in England and Scotland. It is officially known that the number attacked for the week ending with the 2d of March is 7,310.

In Missouri several court-houses have been burned recently, it is supposed by returned Rebels, who expect prosecution, and hope thus to destroy evidences of their guilt. The better portion of returned Rebels are removing their families from the State.

James Stephens, Head Centre of the Fenian Brotherhood, has certainly escaped from Ireland. It was disputed at first, but is now conceded. One of the English papers asserts that he got off aboard of the American war steamer Canandaigua which has recently visited several Irish ports.

The St. Louis Republican is puzzled to explain the falling off in the growth of help in Missouri. Lafayette county, which produced four thousand tons before the war, now yields but six hundred. The most natural solution is that Lynch law has ceased to be respectable in that section.

There is an immense revival of religion in progress in all the churches of Chicago. Nothing like it has ever before been witnessed in the same city.

The Rev. Mr. Sunderland, of Washington, delivered the funeral address at the ceremonies connected with the death of Senator Foot, which were very impressive, all the officers of the Government, and both Houses of Congress being present at the Capitol. His address was a very eloquent one.

"From the commencement of his last illness to its close, in order to show the condition of the Senator's mind, his religious faith and hope, and his ideas and prospects of a future state, the minister gave an account of the spiritual interviews with his friend, who, on one of the occasions, spoke of his life having been wasted in not having devoted himself to life's greatest end, remarking that he could not be sufficiently thankful to God for giving him pious parents. The conclusion of the narrative was that Senator Foot solemnly dedicated himself to God, and died strong and joyous in the Christian faith. He had during the interviews said if he had an enemy on earth he was thankful he did not know it, and asked God to forgive him if he had ever done wrong or injustice to any one. The accounts given by the minister of the last moments of the deceased with distinguished visitors and friends affected many of the auditors to tears, and were listened to with intense interest. The Reverend gentleman said: On Wednesday morning, at seven o'clock, the dying Senator expressed a desire to see once more the light of the sun in the heavens, and the capitol on which it shone, and where he had so long served the people of his State and country, and where his associates were soon to assemble. They lifted him up; his eyes were already dim; he sunk back on his pillow; the words of the twenty-third Psalm were read, and a solemn prayer delivered by one who was the dearest to him on earth. He called her to his side and folded her in his arms, asking, 'Can this be death? Has it come already?' Then lying with eyes of celestial radiance, and lifting up his hands, he said, 'I see it; I see the gates wide open; beautiful, beautiful,' and without a pang he immediately expired. The minister inculcated the lesson that divine grace vouchsafes and fills the dying scene with memories the most lasting of all human experience on earth, and asked, in conclusion, who would not exclaim, in that language of one of our old, 'Let me die the death of the righteous, and let my last end be like his?'"

In the Senate of this State, on the 26th ult., Mr. CHAMBERS offered the following:
Although the Southern rebellion, inaugurated against National authority, has been crushed by the energy of our Government and gallantry of our troops, we still feel that with all the immense expenditure of blood and treasure, we have accomplished little or nothing to secure the permanent security of our Union. The abolition of slavery struck a deadly blow at the overbearing aristocracy of power and assumption, which has oppressed in any country in the world. This great measure of justice and duty, we shall have failed in effecting anything toward a thorough restoration of Republican government, unless we bestow upon all that equality of civil rights by which the security of person and property and the administration of justice are placed beyond the power of those who would sacrifice everything to their own ambitious purposes. It was, therefore, with great pleasure that we witnessed the passage of the bill which provided that all persons born in the United States and not subject to any foreign power, excluding Indians not taxed, are citizens of the U. States, and such citizens of every race and color, without regard to any previous condition, shall have entire equality of civil rights.

This great measure, which passed by a majority of nearly three to one, was simply applying the great principles of the common law which are so universally recognized in the Northern States; therefore,
Resolved, by the Senate of Pennsylvania, that we cordially endorse this great measure of justice to all classes of the people of the South, which, carried fully into effect, will give full protection and ample security to all the rights of the citizen, and thus demonstrate that the National Government is not only determined to maintain the Union unimpaired, but to exert its power to do full and ample justice to every freeman as "the ruling principle which should guide the deliberations of every public body, whether it be State or National."

Upon the final passage of the resolution, it was passed by a strictly party vote, the Republicans voting for and the Democrats against.

A TOWN IN SOUTH CAROLINA DESTROYED BY FIRE.—We regret to learn that the town of Darlington, S. C., was almost totally destroyed by fire on Sunday last. The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary, and was discovered about 3 1/2 o'clock, A. M. All efforts to check the fury of the flames proved unavailing, and in a short time eighteen stores and twelve dwellings were burnt to the ground, with almost their entire contents. The loss was immense, as many of the merchants had just received heavy stocks of spring goods.—*Wilmington (N. C.) Dispatch.*

There is a divorce case now before the Chicago courts which has a very humorous feature about it. Mr. Willis, the defendant, is one of two twin brothers, partners in business, and the resemblance they bear to each other is so striking that the lady who is charged with adultery, finds herself unable to identify the true Dromio.

The men of Kentucky who stood by the Government, have given public notice to the rebels who are returning to that State that if they (the rebels) are determined without regard to what name, to organize themselves into a distinct political party, they will be met with all the zeal and power with which the rebellion was fought.

A CITY OF FIRES.—There have been thirty-five alarms of fire in the little city of Elmira, New York, and twenty-five actual fires during the past three months. The amount of loss is \$118,450, with an insurance of \$63,800.

The total packing of hogs in the West, it is supposed, will foot up between sixteen and seventeen hundred thousand against nearly twenty five hundred thousand last year.

Bond Robbery—\$184,000 Stolen.
New York, March 24.—On Friday evening, some sneak thieves entered the residence of Mr. John P. Moore, No. 110 Madison avenue, and stole a tin box containing \$100,000 in various State, railroad, bank and other stock, and \$84,000 in five twenty and seven thirty U. States coupon bonds. It appears that the thieves entered the premises by an outer door, which had been left carelessly open, and while the family were in the lower part of the house, they went through the bedrooms and ransacked several bureau drawers, which they forced open. A trunk in one of the rooms attracted the attention of the robbers, and this they forced open with a "jimmy." The tin box which contained the securities was abstracted from the trunk, and with this the thieves escaped, taking with them also a valuable gold watch and several other articles of jewelry. Not the slightest clue has been obtained of the thieves or the whereabouts of the property.

The following is a copy of an act regulating the mode of voting at all elections in the several counties of this Commonwealth, which has been passed by both the Senate and House:

Sec. 1. Be it enacted, etc., That the qualified voters of the several counties of this Commonwealth, at all general, township, borough and special elections, are hereby authorized and required to vote by tickets printed, written, or partly printed and written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all judges of courts voted for, and to be labelled "Judges of Courts"; one ticket shall embrace the names of all State officers voted for, and be labelled "State"; one ticket shall embrace the names of all county officers voted for, including office of Senator and member or members of Assembly, if voted for, and be labelled "County"; one ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers voted for, and be labelled "Township"; one ticket shall embrace the names of all borough officers voted for, and be labelled "Borough"; and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot boxes.

Sec. 2. That it shall be the duty of the sheriffs in the several counties of this Commonwealth to insert, in their election proclamations hereafter issued, the first section of this act.

The Right of Suffrage.

Men who took up arms to overthrow the Government, no matter where they reside, should be denied the right of suffrage. This would be only a slight punishment for the misery that was brought upon our land by that wicked act. It is customary to disfranchise men convicted of burglary, arson, and other crimes, and certainly an effort to destroy the Government should not be esteemed more lightly. Treason is made a capital offence by the Constitution of our country, and men guilty of it only live by sufferance. We do not see why they or any of their sympathizers should clamor for the right to vote and make the laws of the land. As well might other criminals demand the same privilege. If there is reason why exceptions should be made in the Rebel States there is no reason why there should be exceptions in the loyal ones. The men who went out from Maryland, Delaware, Pennsylvania and other loyal States, to make war upon the Government, should be made to feel that they were guilty of a great crime against society, and that they forfeited all right to vote, to hold office, or to take part in any proceedings of a public character. In this way treason would be made odious, and those guilty of it would bitterly repent that they had committed such foul deeds. A party that cannot succeed without the vote of such characters must be rotten to the core, and unworthy of either confidence or respect.—*Wilmington Rep.*

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Major General Seth Williams died at Boston on Friday week. His disease was softening of the brain, induced by his severe and continuous labor as Assistant Adjutant General of the Army of the Potomac, which position he held for nearly four years under the different commanding officers of that army. No officer of any grade bore a higher character for integrity, honor and unflinching zeal for the success of our arms. In the darkest hours he never wearied nor faltered, and he went through the war esteemed and respected by all who knew him, and most of all, by the superior officers with whom he was most intimately and confidentially associated. Gen. Williams had no enemies. Few officers of the army were more generally known, and no one was more universally beloved.

A THEORY SPOILED.—A party of gentlemen were looking at Stedman's wild cats in Nashville a few days ago. One of the party, Allick Norvell, held a theory, by no means original with him, that wild beasts might be controlled by the human eye, backed by what the German transcendentalists call the "odious force." The gentleman began his experiment; he looked one of the cats steadily in the eyes—the cat crouched away as far as possible from the gleaming orb of the philosopher; slowly the savan neared the cage, until his face was close to the bars. The cat cowered lower and lower, but suddenly with a spit it lunched out its paw, and with its claws nearly put out one optic and made an ugly wound upon the cheek of the experimenter. Wo fancy his theory of control over wild cats is spoiled, for the present at least. The scene was not down in bills of the wild cat machine.

The Germantown Telegraph, which is not a political newspaper, renders this high compliment to the Republican candidate for Governor—"The nomination of General Geary for Governor of Pennsylvania, to succeed our present distinguished Chief Magistrate, is everywhere hailed with enthusiasm. This may well be the case, for a more sterling man in every respect is not to be found. His loyalty is without condition. His administrative abilities are second to none. His election is beyond a peradventure."

HALF A MILLION LOST.—The citizens of Easton lost over five hundred thousand dollars in oil stock. Quite a nice pile of money. It would have been better for the town, better for the laboring classes, and better for all hands, if that amount had been invested in manufactures.

Hiestery Clymer in the Senate, and his own Berks county at the polls, voted to deprive the soldier of the right to vote—flow, then, can any soldier vote for him?